# Probation Service in Lithuania

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### History of Probation in Lithuania

- Until 2000 the enforcement of criminal penalties was the competence of the Ministry of Interior (Department of Correctional Affairs) and the punishment carried out by the police.
- Since 2000, the governance of penal system was transferred to the Ministry of Justice (52 Correctional inspections subbordinated to Prison Department under the Ministry of Justice).
- In **2001**, 5 regional correctional inspections were established, (consisted of 48 territorial units).
- On 1 July, 2012 the new Probation Law came into force.
   5 regional probation services were established.



Joniškis

Raseiniai

The Ministry of Justice

**Prison department** 

Panevėžys Region Probation Service

Majpėda

Šilutė

Pageglai

Kaunas
Region
Probation
Service

Jurbark

Akmenė

Mažeikiai

l'aurage

Klaipeda Region Probation Service **Šiauliai**Region
Probation
Service

Šalčininkai

Molètai

Vilnius
Region
Probation
Service

Visaginas

Ignalina

Svenčionys

**Total 49 Probation Units** 

260 Probation staff: 227 Probation officers and 33 Administrative staff Funding ~4 million eur.

## Probation services are responsible for enforcement:

#### Probation (~51 % of clients)

- Suspension of custodial sentence for the period up to 3 years with imposed obligations (39 % of clients)
- Conditional release from prison (12 %);
  - Conditional release with application of electronic monitoring (intense supervision).

### Sentences and Other Punitive Measures (~49 % of clients)

- Community service (8 %);
- Restriction of freedom for the period from 3 months to 2 years (32 %);
- •Punitive measures (6 %);
- •Educational measures are administered for juveniles (3 %).

#### The Number of Clients under the Probation Supervision per year



# The Probation is based on these principles

- the balance of the re-socialisation of the client under probation supervision and the security of the society;
- the individualisation of the probation measures;
- respect to personal liberty, minimal intervention and proportion;
- cooperation, the stimulation to become volunteers.
- the realisation of restorative justice;

#### Forms of Resocialization

- The implementation of the measures including the reduction of risk and the elimination of criminal factors;
- Individual and group work with the client under supervision in order to motivate and stimulate his/her abilities to live without committing crime and the client's social integration;
- The meeting of the client's spiritual and social demands;
- Social help to solve the client's personal and social problems;
- The development of social abilities;
- The realization of the programs on the correction of behaviour;
- Individual and group psychotherapy;
- Psychological help;
- The realization of restorative measures in order to reconcile the victim and the client under probation supervision and compensate the interest.

### Our strengths

- Search for innovative solutions and realization:
- Mediation;
- Electronic monitoring;
- Behavior changing programms.
- The net of social partners.
- Staff experience and competences.

#### Main officer 's functions

- Performs the social research;
- Evaluated the risk of reoffending;
- Plans the supervision and realizes it;
- Meets the clients in the probation office or at their homes (In 2015 the probation officers visited the clients under probation supervision in their homes for 34756 times)
- Motivates the client for positive social changes and supports the client 's motivation;
- Applies to the court;
- Controls the use of alcohol or drugs;
- Does the programs on the correction of behaviour;
- Participates in the committee of conditional release.

### Main probation instruments (measures):

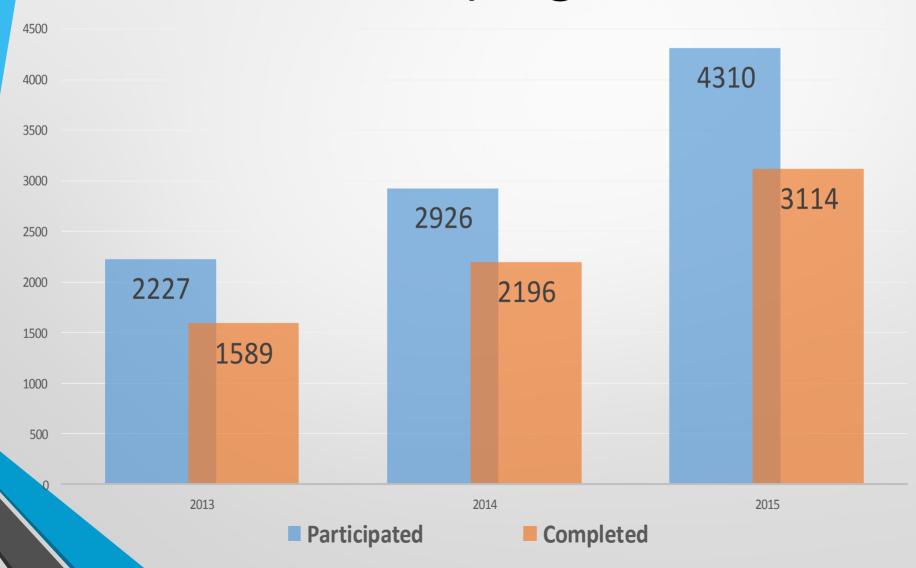
- Risk assessment (OASYS instrument).
- Programmes on correction of violent or problematic behaviour.
- Electronic monitoring.
- Mediation.

### Programmes on correction of violent or problematic behaviour

- "Behaviour Dialogue Change" (BSF (Behavior change talk) semi-structured motivational interviewing program);
- "One to one"(3 modules: violent behavior, drugs, criminal conduct);
- "Equip" (for juveniles based on anger management, social skills development and mutual assistance, 40 group sessions);
- "The program of intervention for domestic violence offenders";
- "Youth and psychoactive substances" (individual educational program for juveniles).

## Probationers participation in correctional programmes

5000



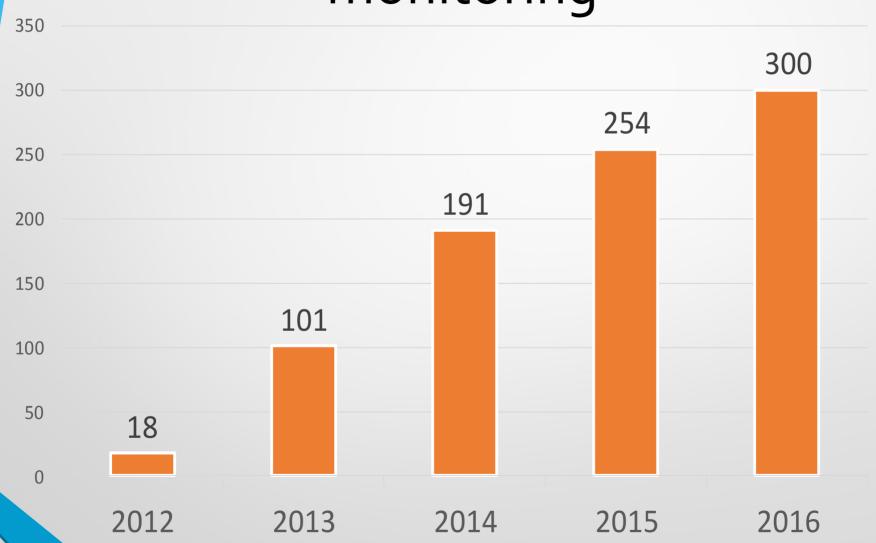
### Supervision using electronic monitoring

- Electronic monitoring was started to use in 2012, 1 July.
   This form of control helps reduce the number of convicts in prisons.
- In 2016, 12 October the Electronic Monitoring Centre was founded. The mission of the Centre is the supervision of the electronic monitoring for 24 hours.





### Supervision using electronic monitoring

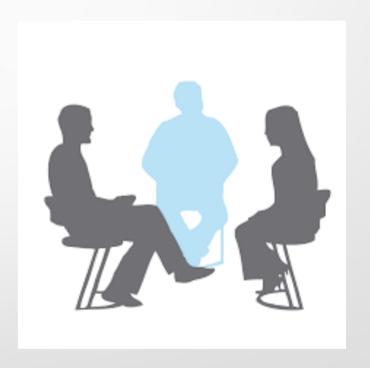


### Mediation (The Project stage)

The Project of mediation implementation in probation services (2014 – 2016) funded by Norway grants;

- •14 mediators and 68 probation officers were trained to apply mediation
- •2084 people participated in mediation (1011 mediation cases of which 892 successful) during the project

After the project the activities of mediation are continued in probation services.



## Mediation in probation system in Lithuania (after the Project)

- **12** mediators work in the probation system since May, 2016.
- 718 persons participated in mediation during the period of May-October, 2016:
- 425 cases of mediations were implemented;
- 295 agreements were reached.



### Cooperation (social partners):



### Activity aspects

- Development of social skills;
- Change of thinking (future projection), pro social thinking and the promotion of responsibility for their future;
- Reconstruction and strengthening of family relations;
- Promotion of useful and healthy leisure.







#### Are we effective?

21757 (total persons under probation)

538 (new committed crimes)

2,5 % reoffending rate

13221 (removed from probation lists)

Punishment changed into a severe one

349
Sentences for new crimes in the period of probation

10,6% reoffending rate

8536 (on account day)

3928 work

951 study

57% employment

### Future challenges and plans

- Social partnership with municipalities to strengthen the help for the persons under the probation.
- Prevention of alcoholism and domestic violence.
- Development of the electronic monitoring.
- Development of the mediation.
- Development of behavior changing programs.



### THANKYOU!