HOGESCHOOL UTRECHT

The Working Alliance in One-To-One Supervision

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Content



- Theory, aim and expectations
- Project design and data collection
- Results first measurement wave
 - 4 constructs Working Alliance
 - Correlates with 'report mark supervision'
 - Differentiates when comparing
 - Probation officer versus client
 - Respondent versus non-response
 - Continuing supervision versus premature termination
- Preliminary conclusions



- Relation: attitude and behaviour of professional (empathy, warmth, support etc.)
 Working alliance: conscious contributions of both professional and client
 Constructs: bond, goal, task.
- Many studies in the voluntary context (Norcross, 2012)
- Ample studies in the mandatory: different dynamic

Theoretical contexts



- Voluntary context
 - Generally accepted
 - Many studies (Norcross, 2012)

Mandatory context

- Different dynamic (Ross, Polashek & Ward, 2007)
- Ample studies Instrument development (Skeem et.al, 2007, 2008)

Aim



Understanding relevance and development, mediators and moderators of good quality working alliance.

Working alliance measurement instrument for probation context / Dutch context



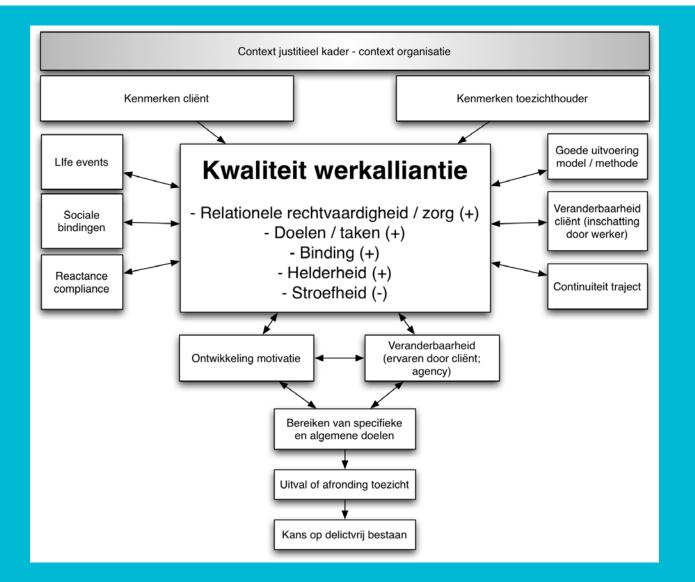
The Working Alliance Questionnaire for the Probation Context should include more questions On (compared to existing instrument as the WAI or DRRI):

- Clearness
- Reactance
- Goal setting

The different dynamic in mandated context affects the answers on questions concerning the *goal* construct.



The model (under construction)



Project design



Who?

275 dyades probation officer - client

When?

Four times in two years from start till the ending of supervision and afterwards

What?

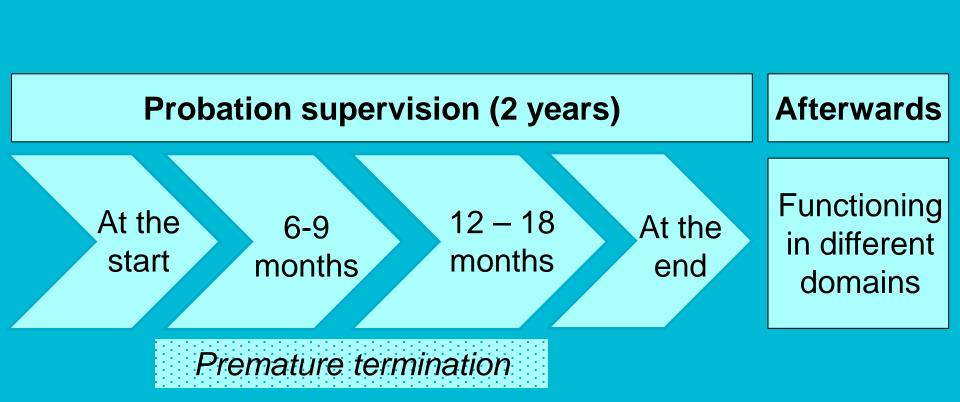
T1 and T2: Large questionnaire including WAI (Horvath et.al) and DRRI (Skeem et.al)

How?

Face to face (clients) Online (probation officers)

Project design: measurement waves





Data collection



Measurement wave 1 (completed):

- Clients: N = 304
- Probation officers: N = 180
- Dyads: N = 267

Measurement wave 2 (almost completed):

- Clients: N = 217
- Probation officers: N = 193
- Dyads: N =

Working alliance clustered into four constructs (clients data T1)

Factor	Construct	No. of items	n	Mean (<i>SD</i>)	Alpha
1	Relational fairness / Care / Bond	29	187	5,93 (1,42)	0,89
2	Goal and Task	12	195	5,77 (0,48)	0,89
3	Relational roughness (Reactance/Toughness)	14	256	2,08 (0,65)	0,77
4	Clearness & Conditions	6	211	6,26 (0,39)	0,54

Correlates with 'report mark supervision'? – clients Data T1



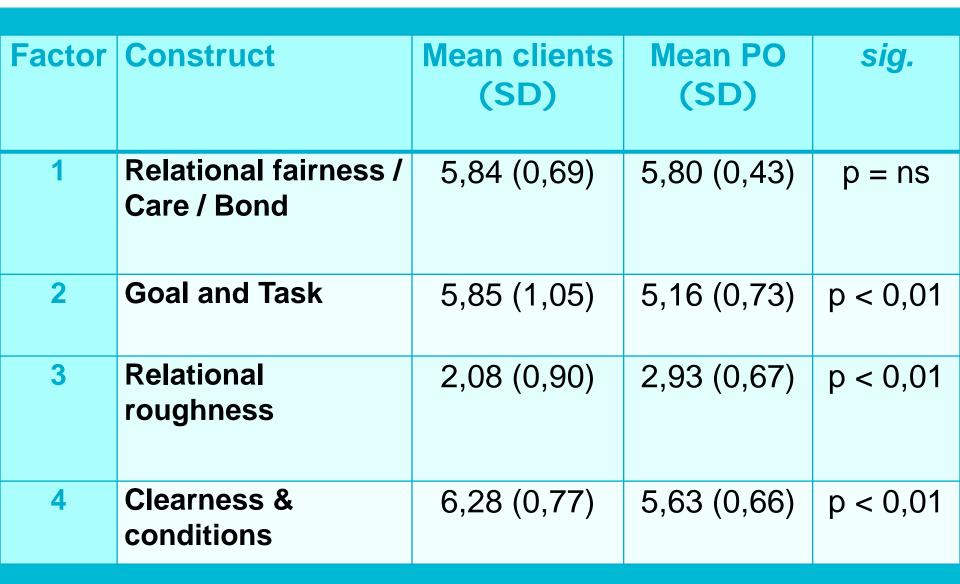
Factor	Construct	Correlation coefficent	Significance
1	Relational fairness / Care / Bond	0,57	p < 0,01
2	Goal and Task	0,40	p < 0,01
3	Relational roughness (Reactance & Toughness)	-0,34	p < 0,01
4	Clearness & conditions	0,28	p < 0,01

Correlates with 'report mark supervision'? – probation officers

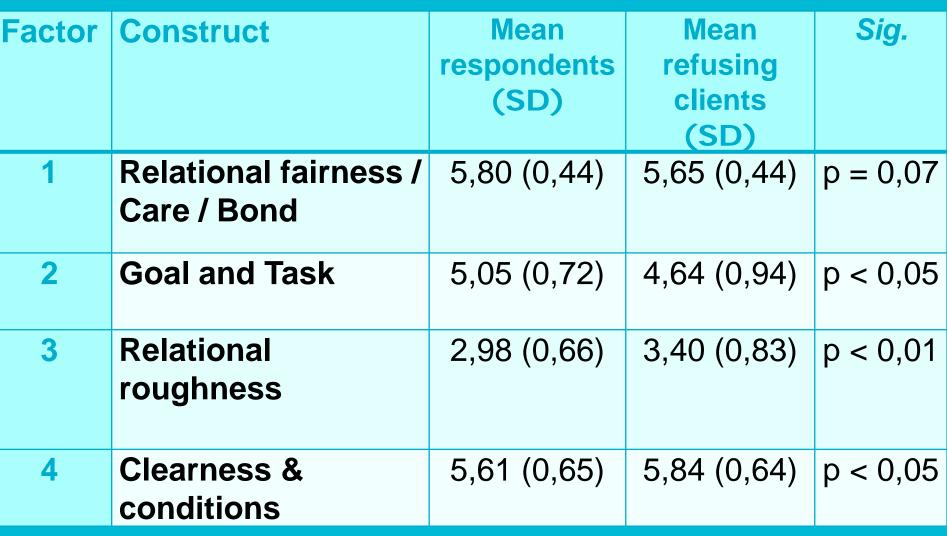


Factor	Construct	Correlation coefficent	Significance
1	Relational fairness / Care / Bond	0,36	p < 0,01
2	Goal and Task	0,45	p < 0,01
3	Relational roughness (Reactance & Toughness)	-0,36	p < 0,01
4	Clearness & conditions	0,04	p = ns

Are there differences between probation officers and clients in mean scores?



Are there differences between respondents and refusing clients?



Data probation officers measurement wave 1

Are there differences between continuing and prematurely ended supervision? (PO, T1)



Factor	Construct	Mean continuing supervision (SD)	Mean prematurely ended (SD)	Sig.
1	Relational fairness / Care / Bond	5,81 (0,43)	5,71 (0,38)	p = ns
2	Goal and Task	5,08 (0,69)	5,09 (0,78)	p = ns
3	Relational roughness	2,94 (0,64)	3,27 (0,73)	p < 0,05
4	Clearness & conditions	5,64 (0,64)	5,59 (0,71)	p = ns

Data probation officers measurement wave 1

Are there differences between continuing and prematurely ended? (Client T1)



Factor	Construct	Mean continuing supervision (SD)	Mean prematurely ended (SD)	Sig.
1	Relational fairness / Care / Bond	5,93 (0,60)	5,71 (0,66)	p = ns
2	Goal and Task	5,85 (1,08)	5,42 (1,33)	p = ns
3	Relational roughness	2,08 (0,81)	2,33 (1,29)	p = ns
4	Clearness & conditions	6,28 (0,75)	6,17 (0,74)	p = ns

Data clients measurement wave 1

Preliminary conclusions wave 1 and the future



 Working alliance in mandatory context cluster into four constructs, contrary to voluntary context

- Differences in perception between probation officers and clients of
 - Relational roughness
 - Clearness
- Possible differences between continuing and prematurely ended supervision, particularly relational roughness.

Contact



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Extra:Background clients (measure 1)



Age:

18 - 20 years	41	(13,5%)
21 - 30 years	91	(29,9%)
31 - 40 years	66	(21,7%)
41 – 50 years	67	(22%)
51 – 60 years	29	(9,5%)

Werksituatie:

- Werkloos	174	(57,2%)
- Betaalde baan	112	(36,8%)
- Vrijwilligerswerk	16	(5,3%)

Leefsituatie:

- Met partner	29	(9,5%)
- Met partner en kinderen	46	(15,1%)
- Met kinderen	11	(3,6%)
- Alleen	109	(35,9%)
- Anders	108	(35,5%)

Extra: Background probation officers (measure 2)

Gender:

- Men	60	(33,5%)
- Woman	119	(66,5%)
Age:		
- 21-30 years	55	(30,7%)
- 31-40 years	58	(32,4%)
- 41-50 years	33	(18,4%)
- 51-60 years	27	(15,1%)
- > 60 years	6	(3,4%)

Extra:Measurement



Three surveys (measure 1 & 2):

- WAI Horvath (Goal, Task, Bond);
- DDRI Skeem (Care, Trust, Relational Fairness, Toughness);
- Questionnaire Menger & Donker (additional: Clearness, Reactance, Goal, Task, Bond.

Measure 2:

Exit-lijst